Quality Counts for Kids Task Force Overview of Proposed Tiered Reimbursement System

1. Rationale for Tiered Reimbursement System

- Wisconsin Shares, the child care subsidy system, should focus on the quality of child care received by low-income children.
- Wisconsin should set child care reimbursement rates so that it "gets what it pays for" in terms of child care quality, by linking reimbursement to the star quality rating system.

Tiered reimbursement can create "a powerful incentive for child care providers to improve quality"

--Governor Jim Doyle

Background

The Task Force determined there were two key decisions that required recommendations:

- 1. **Base:** Where should the base level be for reimbursements for serving low-income children? In other words, at what star quality level should a provider continue to receive payments according to the current policy of maximum reimbursement rates? The base level is the level at which no change occurs in reimbursement approach.
- 2. **Differential:** To what extent should the reimbursement rates vary for programs at different star-quality levels? In other words, how much of an incentive is required to encourage programs to increase the quality of their care and to reward programs for reaching higher standards?

Recommendation

The Task Force recommended that the current child care subsidy reimbursement system should be linked to the star-quality level in a Quality Rating System, with reimbursement rates changing as follows:

Star Level in the Quality Rating System	Percent of change in reimbursement rate to be paid
****	+ 25 %
***	+ 10 %
***	No change
**	- 05 %
*	- 30 %

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